

## **FERPA Release**

In accordance with the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA);

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) (20 U.S.C. § 232g; 34 CFR Part 99) is a Federal law that protects the privacy of student education records. The law applies to all schools that receive funds under an applicable program of the U.S. Department of Education.

FERPA gives parents certain rights with respect to their children's education records. These rights transfer to the student when he or she reaches the age of 18 or attends a school beyond the high school level. Students to whom the rights have transferred are "eligible students".

Students (or the parents of students under age 18) have the right to inspect and review their educational records maintained by the school by requesting to do so at the school's administrative office.

Students (or the parents of students under age 18) have the right to request that the school correct any records that they believe to be inaccurate or misleading. If the school decides not to amend the record, the student may request a formal hearing. After the hearing, if the school still decides not to amend the record, the student has the right to place a statement with the record setting forth his/her view regarding the contested information.

Generally, the school must have written permission from a student (or parents of a student under age 18) in order to release any information from the student's education record. However, we are allowed to disclose records, without consent, to the following parties under the following conditions: School officials with legitimate educational interest; Other schools to which a student is transferring; Specified officials for audit or evaluation purposes; Appropriate parties in connection with financial aid to a student; Organizations conducting certain studies for or on behalf of the school; Accrediting organizations; To comply with judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena; Appropriate officials in cases of health and safety; and State and local authorities, within a juvenile justice system, pursuant to specific State law.

Schools may disclose, without consent, "directory" information such as a student's name, address, telephone number, date and place of birth, honors and awards, and dates of attendance. However, schools must tell students (and parents of students under age 18) about directory information and allow students a reasonable amount of time to request that the school not disclose directory information about them. Schools must notify students annually of their rights under FERPA. The actual means of notification (special letter, inclusion in a PTA bulletin, student handbook, or newspaper article) is left to the discretion of each school.

to their parent/guardian, or other person(s).	
I, the undersigned, hereby authorize Pure Aesthet	tics to release the following educational records and
information (identify types of information):	
to (identify person(s)):	
for the purpose of:	
for the duration of:	
I understand further that (1) I have the right not to have the right to receive a copy of such records up	o consent to the release of my education records; (2) I pon request.
Student Signature	 Date
Student Name (printed)	

We are providing this waiver to our students as a courtesy to them. In respect of this Federal Act, this waiver represents the student's agreement to allow their records, information, and status to be released